MUNICIPALITY OF DUTTON DUNWICH



Fire Department
Fire Safety Plan
(Fire Alarm System)

FOR Business/Building: <u>Municipal Building</u>
<u>- Council Chambers</u>

Effective April 2016 Part 3 – Emergency Procedures AND

Part 4 – Control of Fire Hazards

Part 8 - Building Schematic Diagrams – Legend, Floor Plan Drawing, Site Plan Drawing

Part 9 – Review and Sign off Sheet

Emergency Procedures Signage

Emergency Procedures for Occupants and Posting on Floor Areas Emergency Procedures Signage shall be securely affixed to the wall on each floor area of the building.

IN CASE OF FIRE

UPON DISCOVERY OF FIRE

Leave fire area immediately
Close doors behind you as you escape
Sound the fire alarm – pull the manual pull stations
Alert occupants of the building – yell "FIRE" Leave the building by the nearest exit

Call Dutton Dunwich Fire Department DIAL 9-1-1

DO NOT USE ELEVATORS

UPON HEARING FIRE ALARM

Leave building immediately via nearest exit Close doors behind you as you escape Take door keys

CAUTION

If smoke is heavy in the corridor, it may be safer to stay in your area. Close door and place wet towel at base of door. If you encounter smoke in stairway, use alternate exit or seek refuge in nearest suite.



Emergency Procedures for Supervisory Staff

Emergency Procedures to be followed by Supervisory Staff in the event of a fire emergency:

UPON DISCOVERY OF FIRE

Leave fire area immediately
Close doors behind you as you escape
Sound the fire alarm – pull the manual pull stations
Alert occupants of the building – yell "FIRE"
Leave the building by the nearest exit Call 9-1-1 from a safe location
Await arrival of the Dutton Dunwich Fire Department at the main entrance, if safe to do so

DO NOT USE ELEVATORS

UPON HEARING FIRE ALARM

Ensure that the other occupants have been notified of the emergency

Call 9-1-1 from a safe location and notify the Dutton Dunwich Fire Department of the emergency condition

If it is safe to do so, supervise the evacuation of all occupants, including those requiring assistance

Upon arrival of the fire service, inform the fire officer of the conditions in the building and coordinate the efforts of Supervisory Staff with those of the fire service.

Provide access and vital information to the fire service – location of persons, master keys for occupancies and service rooms, etc.

Related Duties for Supervisory Staff:

- Keep doors in fire separations closed at all times;
- Keep access to exits and EXITS, inside and outside, clear of any obstructions at all times;
- Do not permit combustible materials to accumulate in quantities or locations that would constitute a fire hazard;
- Promptly remove all combustible waste from areas where waste is placed for disposal, if applicable;
- Keep access roadways, fire routes and fire department connections clear and accessible for fire department use;

- Maintain the fire protection equipment in good operating condition at all times;
- Participate in Fire Drills occupants' participation should be encouraged;
- Have a working knowledge of the building's fire and life safety systems;
- Ensure the building's fire and life safety systems are in operating condition;
- Arrange for a trained substitute in your absence;
- Comply with the Ontario Fire Code;
- In the event of any shutdown of fire and life safety systems, notify the Dutton Dunwich Fire Department by calling 705-789-2121 and initiate alternative measures.

Control of Fire Hazards - Commercial, Retail & Industrial Properties:

A high standard of housekeeping and building maintenance is the most important factor in the prevention of fire. The following information on control of fire hazards may ensure the building continually meets the requirements of Section 2.4.1 of the Ontario Fire Code.

- Combustible materials in the building shall not be permitted to accumulate in quantities or locations which will constitute a fire hazard;
- Combustible materials shall not be permitted to accumulate in any part of a means of egress; i.e.; stairway, hallway, corridor or fire escape;
- Combustible refuse shall be removed from the building on a regular basis;
- No combustible materials, other than those for which the room or space is designed, shall be permitted in any service room or service space;
- Combustible materials shall not be used to absorb flammable or combustible liquid spills within the building;
- Greasy or oily rags, or materials subject to spontaneous heating, shall be deposited in a proper safety container or be removed from the premises;
- Flammable liquids shall not be used for cleaning purposes;
- Combustible materials shall not be stored on a roof or adjacent to any building so as to create a fire hazard to the building or its occupants;
- All flammable liquids are to be dispensed and stored in approved containers;
- Flammable or combustible liquid spills shall be removed immediately with an absorbent material that will not increase the hazard and shall be disposed of in a safe manner;
- Devices having open flames shall be securely supported in noncombustible holders and located or protected to prevent accidental contact of the flame with combustible materials.

Control of Electrical Equipment

All electrical equipment must be labeled Canadian Standards Association (CSA) and/or Underwriters Laboratories of Canada (ULC) approved.

Electrical Equipment Wiring shall be:

- Continuous runs or spliced at junction boxes;
- Kept from under rugs;
- Free of cuts, significant abrasions or damage;
- Connected directly to a junction box or outlet NO EXTENSION CORDS;
- Grounded appropriately;
- Extension cords must be for temporary use only or be an approved power bar. Temporary use is considered 90 days or less.

Permanent Electrical Wiring requirements:

- Junction boxes and panels must have protective cover plates;
- Electrical panels must have appropriately sized fuses or breakers;
- All wiring must have proper splices and joints;
 Damaged or exposed wiring shall be repaired immediately.

Fire Extinguishment – Control or Confinement

Fire extinguishment is primarily the responsibility of the local fire service. The production of toxic fumes in buildings makes fire-fighting potentially dangerous, especially if a large amount of smoke is being produced.

Only after ensuring that evacuation of the building has begun and the Dutton Dunwich Fire Department has been notified of the fire emergency (call 9-1-1) should a trained and experienced person familiar with fire extinguisher operation attempt to extinguish a small fire.

USING A FIRE EXTINGUISHER TO EXTINGUISH A FIRE IS A VOLUNTARY ACT.

In the event a small fire cannot be extinguished with the use of a portable fire extinguisher, or smoke presents a hazard to the operator, leave the fire area immediately and confine the fire by closing the door to the area.

To determine what type of fire extinguisher you have look at the label on the extinguisher. It should indicate Class A, BC, ABC, D or K. Ensure you are using the correct extinguisher for the type of fire you are trying to extinguish.

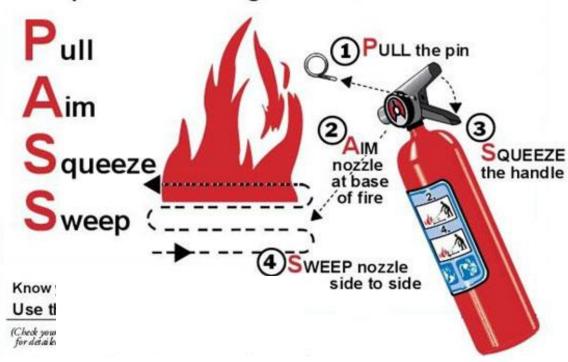
	Class A Ordinary Combustibles	Class B Flammable Liquids	Class C Electrical Equipment	Class D Combustible Metals	Class K Cooking Oils
Fire Classification Pictogram					
Fire Classification Symbol					Cooking
Combustible Materials	Cloth Plastics Paper Wood Rubber	Gasoline Flammable Liquids Oil-based Paints Flammable Gases Alcohols Tars	Fuse Boxes Computers Appliances Machinery Transformers	Magnesium Potassium Titanium Metal Dust	Cooking Oils Fats Animal Fats
Fire Extinguisher Selection	Class A or Multipurpose ABC Dry Chemical	Multipurpose ABC or BC Dry Chemical or Carbon Dioxide CO2	Multipurpose ABC or BC. Dry Chemical or Carbon Dioxide CO2	Class D	Class K

Operation of Portable Fire Extinguishers

Ensure that the pin is intact and the seal has not been broken. Set the fire extinguisher down on the ground; break the plastic seal by twisting and pulling the pin.

Remember the **P - A - S - S** method:

To operate an extinguisher:



Pull the pin.

Aim low and direct the hose nozzle or cone at the base of the fire.

Squeeze the lever above the handle to discharge the extinguishing agent.

Sweep the nozzle or hose from side to side at the base of the fire.

Important Safety Information – Fire Extinguishers:

- Ensure you can get out fast if you can't control the fire. Don't get trapped. Make sure the fire is not between you and your escape. Always keep an exit at your back!
- Never re-hang a fire extinguisher after it has been used; discharged. Have fire extinguishers recharged by a person qualified to service portable fire extinguishers and install a replacement fire extinguisher while awaiting service.
- Keep fire extinguishers visible by maintaining a one meter clearance around them.
- USING A FIRE EXTINGUISHER IS A VOLUNTARY ACT. Do not use a fire extinguisher
 if you are unsure of how to use it, do not feel confident using it, or if it endangers yourself
 or others.
- ALWAYS before attempting to fight a fire ensure that people have been evacuated from the fire area and that someone has called 9–1–1 to alert the Dutton Dunwich Fire Department.

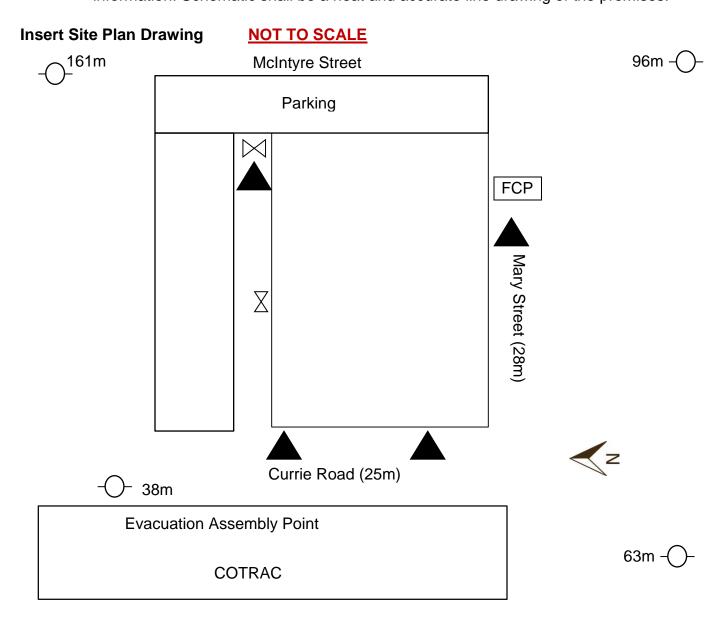
Building Schematic Diagrams - Legend

Building S	Schematic Diagrams – Legend
	Entrance/Exit
-	Hydrant
90	Siamese Fire Department Connection
000	Free Standing Siamese Fire Department Connection
\bowtie	Valves (General) Identify the type of valve (i.e., shut off valve for natural gas, sprinklers etc.)
FCP	Fire Alarm Control Panel
FAA	Fire Alarm Annunciator
60	Emergency Lighting – Battery Powered
\otimes	Illuminated Exit Sign – Single Face
	Combined Battery Powered Emergency Light and Illuminated Exit Sign
	Pull Station
S	Smoke Alarm
HD	Heat Detector
SD	Smoke Detector
BC	Fire Extinguisher – BC Type
ABC	Fire Extinguisher – ABC Type
A	Fire Extinguisher – Water
Н	Hose Cabinet
$\overline{\bigcirc}$	Sprinkler Riser – indicate whether Wet or Dry System
X	Pull Pin for Kitchen Fire Suppression System.
This official	document is to be kept readily available, on site at all times for use by supervisory personnel

Building Schematic Diagrams - Site Plan Drawing

Site plan drawings of your building indicate the building's footprint and incorporate fire department truck access routes, fire department connections, fire hydrants (municipal & private), fire alarm control panel, fire alarm annunciator panel (if applicable), natural gas shut-off, entrances and exits for the building including main entrance, parking areas and evacuation assembly point (if applicable).

NOTE: Always include a north indicator symbol on your diagram. Owner or owner's agent to sign and date each page of the schematic verifying the accuracy of the information. Schematic shall be a neat and accurate line drawing of the premises.

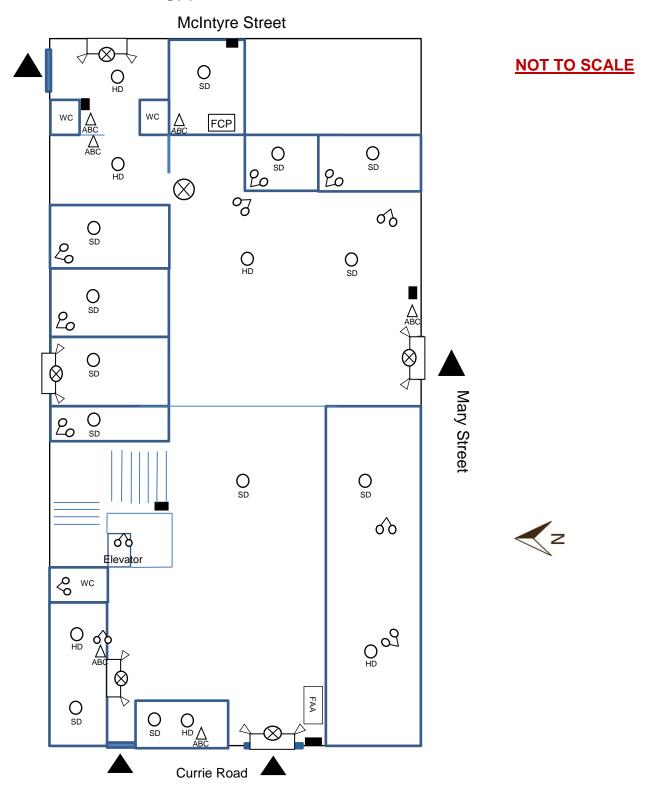


Building Schematic Diagrams – Floor Plan Drawing

Floor plan drawings of your building to indicate egress locations, fire protection equipment, i.e.; fire extinguishers, manual pull stations, emergency lighting, fire alarm control and annunciator panels, heat and smoke detectors, smoke alarms, exit signs, hose cabinets, sprinkler risers and shut-offs, fixed extinguishing systems, gas, domestic water and electrical shut-offs, mechanical and service rooms, etc.

NOTE: For multiple identical floors – a sample representative floor drawing will suffice. NOTE: Always include a north indicator symbol on your diagram. Owner or owner's agent to sign and date each page of the schematic verifying the accuracy of the information. Schematic shall be a neat and accurate line drawing of the premises.

Insert Floor Plan Drawing(s)



Occupant Review and Sig	gn Off Sheet:
	(Occupant name) have reviewed the Municipality's Fire cil Chambers and confirm that I am familiar with all fire exits and know sembly point is located, in case of a fire or other emergency evacuation.
Signature	Date.
Please return to Municipa	Il Office